Physical and chemical changes and properties, classification of matter

- 1. What is a mixture?
- 2. How is a homogeneous mixture different from a heterogeneous mixture?
- 3. How is a compound different from a mixture?
- 4. Identify the following as elements, compounds, heterogeneous mixtures, or homogeneous mixtures: tuna sandwich, silver bracelet, vitamin C (C₆H₈O₆), butterscotch pudding, diamond engagement ring, granite rock (like in the mountains), gold coin, salt.
- 5. List three physical changes you can perform using water.
- 6. List two chemical changes you can perform with eggs.
- 7. List two physical properties of a brick.
- 8. List two chemical properties of a dandelion.

Density and dimensional analysis

- 9. One gallon has a volume of 3785 mL. What is the volume in kL?
- 10. The density of lead is 11.3 g/mL. What is the mass of 78.0 mL of lead?
- 11. What is the volume of 687 g of lead?
- 12. A block of oak has the dimensions 4.8 cm by 8.4 cm by 21.4 cm and a mass of 630 g. What is the density of this wood?
- 13. You wish to determine the density of a really cool rock. You start with 56.8 mL of water in a graduated cylinder. When you add the rock, the volume increases to 76.5 mL. The rock has a mass of 85.90 g. What is its density?
- 14. The density of glass is known to be 3.47 g/mL. A student places a piece of glass on a scale and measures its mass as 17.91 g. If the glass is then placed in a 100 mL graduated cylinder at a volume of 31.0 mL, what will the final volume in the graduated cylinder be measured as (in mL)?
- 15. You collected the following data in the lab. Calculate the density of the density of the marbles.



16. The accepted value for the density of marbles is 3.1 g/mL. What is your percent error?

States of Matter

17. Complete the diagram:



- 18. How are the atoms arranged in a solid? Liquid? Gas?
- 19. How do the atoms behave during each of the phase changes above?
- 20. Describe the shapes, volumes, and compressibility of solids, liquids, and gases.